



PCSI Policy on Disclosure of Potential Conflicts of Interest for Authors and Reviewers

PCSI benefits from broad participation from governments, hospitals, health authorities, and private organisations. PCSI continues to encourage contributions from all types of organisations. It is not the intention of PCSI to exclude contributions from any members.

However, to allow our conferences participants and readers of abstracts and papers by PCSI to evaluate the information and opinions presented, it is the policy of PCSI that all authors of abstracts, papers and posters presented at PCSI meetings or presented by PCSI must disclose all potential conflicts of interests. Furthermore, reviewers should not review a submitted abstract if they have a potential conflict of interest.

The PCSI policy on Disclosure of Potential Conflicts of Interest for Authors will be implemented as follows:

- 1) All abstracts or manuscripts submitted to PCSI must include
 - a. The current institutional affiliation of the authors
 - b. A list of funding sources of the project
 - c. A completed PCSI conflict of interest disclosure statement (as part of the abstract submission)
- 2) A summary of potential conflicts of interest will be included with all abstracts, papers and posters published by PCSI and at all oral and poster presentations at the PCSI conferences.

The PCSI policy on Disclosure of Potential Conflicts of Interest for Scientific Committee will be implemented as follows:

- 1) All members of the scientific committee (or others) asked to review a submitted abstract should not perform the review if they have a conflict of interest.
- 2) When an abstract is sent to a reviewer, the instructions will include a statement that the review should not be performed if the reviewer has a conflict of interest, financial or otherwise
- 3) If such a potential conflict of interest is disclosed, the Scientific Committee will assign the abstract to a different reviewer.

When considering whether you should declare a conflicting interest or connection please consider the conflict of interest test: Is there any arrangement that would embarrass you or any of your co-authors if it was to emerge after publication and you had not declared it?

If the manuscript is published, this information will be communicated in a statement in the published paper: *“There have been no involvements that might raise the question of bias in the work reported or in the conclusions, implications, or opinions stated.”*